Ecological Corridors



What are Ecological Corridors?

Ecological corridors are defined spaces that aim to maintain or restore **ecological connectivity**, which is the free movement of species and the flow of natural processes that sustain life on earth¹.

There are three main types of corridors:



Fundamental Principles of Ecological Corridors

Ecological corridors complement protected and conserved areas. Together, these elements form ecological networks for conservation. **Ecological networks** are a web of core conservation areas (protected and conserved areas) connected with ecological corridors.¹ Corridors should be created where ecological connectivity is needed, and have a management plan with specific objectives to achieve this connectivity. Corridors can allow human activities, so long as they support connectivity.¹

Ecological Corridors Are Important Because They:

- Help species adapt to climate change
- 2 Lessen the impact of human development on natural habitats
- 3 Improve the ecological integrity of protected and conserved areas
- 4 Connect various habitat types needed for species' different life stages, including migration
- 5 Support vital ecosystem services like food, air, nutrients, and water cycles
- 6 Promote human-wildlife coexistence and ways for people to connect with nature



Parks Canada's National Program for Ecological Corridors Objectives

- Collaborate with other levels of government, Indigenous partners, experts, and stakeholders
- Develop national criteria for ecological corridors that protect and restore ecological connectivity
- Identify and map priority areas where ecological corridors would have the greatest positive effects for biodiversity conservation across Canada
- Support on-the-ground work for corridors through funding towards conservation, restoration, and management
- Inspire others to take measures in support of ecological connectivity and corridors

The program team can be reached at: corridorsecologiques-ecologicalcorridors@pc.gc.ca

Sources:

- 1 Hilty, J., et al. (2020). Guidelines for conserving connectivity through ecological networks and corridors. Best Practice Protected Area Guidelines Series No. 30. Gland, Switzerland: IUCN.
- 2 "Ecological Corridors and Biodiversity." *Sicirec Sistemas De Circulación Ecológica,* http://www.sicirec.org/definitions/corridors.